HUNTINGDONSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

Title/Subject Matter: Representation of Political Groups on District Council

Committees and Panels

Meeting/Date: Council – 21st February 2018

Executive Portfolio: Councillor G J Bull, Executive Leader

Report by: Elections and Democratic Services Manager

Wards affected: All

Executive Summary:

The Council is required to review regularly the political composition of the Council and to determine the size and constitution of its committees and panels that have been established for the purposes of discharging its functions. This is to ensure that the political balance is reflected and maintained in those committees and panels by allocating seats on each committee and panel to each group in direct proportion to each group's overall representation on the Council.

The report reflects the recent change in political representation of the Council following notification received from Councillor C E Bober of his resignation from the HDC Independent Group.

Recommendation:

- (a) that the Council be invited to determine the allocation of seats on District Council Committees and Panels to political groups and to the non-aligned Members in accordance with the distribution illustrated at Appendix A; and
- (b) that the requirements for appointments to advisory/sub-groups in paragraph 5.3 be noted.

The proportionality requirements do not apply to the Cabinet and its membership will be determined by the Executive Leader

1. PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

- 1.1 The Local Government and Housing Act 1989 and associated Regulations describe arrangements for achieving a balance on Committees and Panels, to reflect the representation of political groups and independent Members on the District Council. The Act requires the District Council to review the representation of different political groups at the time when the Authority holds its Annual Meeting and as soon as practicable and over one month after the last review if the Proper Officer receives a request to undertake a further review of the allocation of seats given a change to membership of a political group.
- 1.2 Since the last review was undertaken at the Council meeting on 17th May 2017, notification has been received from Councillor C E Bober of his resignation from the HDC Independent Group.

2. PRINCIPLES OF PROPORTIONALITY

- 2.1 In performing the duty to review representation, the Council must, so far as reasonably practicable, only determine the allocation of seats having regard to the following principles
 - that not all the seats are allocated to the same political group;
 - that the majority of seats are allocated to the political group which forms a majority of the Council's membership; and
 - that the number of seats allocated is in the same proportion as is borne by the number of Members of a political group to the membership of the Council.
- 2.2 Currently it is open to the Council to approve alternative arrangements otherwise than in accordance with the principles of proportionality providing that the alternative arrangements are approved without any Member voting against them.

3. CONSTITUTION OF POLITICAL GROUPS

3.1 Following the change in membership of the HDC Independent Group, the constitution of political groups on the Council is as follows:-

Name of Group	No. of Members		
Conservative	33		
Liberal Democrat	6		
HDC Independent Group	6		
UKIP	3		
Labour	2		

There are now 3 Members of the Council who are not aligned to a political group.

3.2 The membership of groups in proportion to the total membership of the Council is therefore as follows:-

	%
Conservative	61.54
Liberal Democrat	11.54
HDC Independent Group	11.54

UKIP	5.77
Labour	3.85

The Independent Members represent 5.77% of the membership of the Council.

4. LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 2000

- 4.1 Under the Local Government Act 2000, the proportionality requirements do not apply to the Cabinet or to any Sub-Groups or Sub-Committees, which the Cabinet may appoint. Appointment of the Cabinet also lies with the Executive Leader of the Council. Recent changes to the Constitution have varied the number of seats to which the Council can appoint to 84.
- 4.2 The following requirements of the Act also need to be adhered to by the Council in determining the membership of Panels, etc.
 - the Cabinet may not include either the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Council;
 - Overview and Scrutiny Panels may not comprise any Member of the Cabinet;
 - the Executive Leader, Deputy Executive Leader and any Member of the Cabinet shall not be elected as Chairman of any Committee or Panel other than any that may be appointed by the Cabinet.
- 4.3 The Constitution also provides for the Development Management Committee, Licensing and Protection Committee, the Employment Committee and the Licensing Committee to include the relevant Executive Councillor within their respective membership.

The Constitution provides that every Member of the Council shall be appointed to serve on a minimum of one Overview and Scrutiny Panel, or Committee of the Council or the Cabinet.

5. PROPORTIONALITY

5.1 Excluding the Cabinet, the aggregate number of seats on Committees is now 84. Using the proportionality percentage referred to in paragraph 3.2 and rounding up or down as appropriate, produces the following entitlement –

	Seats
Conservative Group	52
Liberal Democrat Group	10
HDC Independent Group	10
UKIP	5
Labour	2
Independent Members	5

- 5.2 Applying the principles of the Act and, similarly, rounding the figures as necessary, gives the distribution as set out in the Appendix.
- 5.3 The principles of proportionality apply similarly to advisory/sub-groups appointed or nominated by committees and regard must be given to the following examples of entitlements to seats:-

No. of	Proportion of Members from Political Groups					oups
Members on Sub-Group, etc	Cons	Lib Dem	UKIP	Indep Group	Lab	Indep
3	2	0/1	0	0/1	0	0
4	3	0/1	0	0/1	0	0
5	3	1	0	1	0	0
6	4	1	0	1	0	0
7	4	1	0/1	1	0	0/1
8	5	1	0/1	1	0	0/1
9	6	1	1	1	0	1
10	6	1	1	1	0	1

- The Cabinet may not delegate any of its functions to non-Cabinet Members. Therefore any Sub-Group of the Cabinet that is exercising any decision-making powers delegated to it by the Cabinet must include only Cabinet Members. This does not prevent any Advisory Group appointed by the Cabinet that has no decision-making powers and whose terms of reference are merely advisory from including non-Cabinet Members.
- 5.5 It should be noted that the 2000 Act requires the appointment of a minimum of one Cabinet Member to a Joint Committee exercising executive functions. Other Members may be appointed to a Joint Committee and the political balance requirements do not apply although circumstances will vary as to whether those Members can vote on executive decisions.

6. REASONS FOR THE RECOMMENDED DECISIONS

- 6.1 The Council is invited to determine the allocation of seats on District Council Committees to political groups and to the non-aligned Members in accordance with the distribution illustrated in the attached Appendix and to note the requirements for appointments to advisory/sub groups etc, in paragraph 5.3. The proportionality requirements do not apply to the Cabinet and its membership will be determined by the Executive Leader
- 6.2 The opportunity otherwise is available currently to allocate seats in accordance with an alternative arrangement, with the exception of the Cabinet, provided this arrangement is approved by the Council with no Member voting against.

7. LIST OF APPENDICES INCLUDED

Appendix A - Allocation of seats on District Council Committees and Panels to political groups

BACKGROUND PAPERS

Local Government and Housing Act 1989 Local Government Act 2000 Localism Act 2011 District Council Constitution

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